Instructions for Use

Antibody to Rituximab ELISA

Enzyme immunoassay for the semi-quantitative determination of free antibodies to Rituximab in serum and plasma

REF: IG-BB106

For Research Use Only - Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

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1. INTENDED USE
Enzyme immunoassay for the semi-quantitative determination of free antibodies to Rituximab in human serum and plasma samples. For research use only - not for use in diagnostic procedures.

2. SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION
The drug Rituximab (trade names Rituxan® and Mabthera®) is a genetically engineered chimeric murine/human monoclonal antibody directed against the CD20 antigen found on the surface of normal and malignant B lymphocytes. As with all therapeutic proteins, there is a potential for immunogenicity. The ImmunoGuide Antibody to Rituximab ELISA Kit can be used for the measurement of free antibodies against this drug. It does not detect such antibodies which already are bound to the drug.

3. PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST
The ImmunoGuide Antibody to Rituximab ELISA is a sandwich type ELISA for the determination of free antibodies against Rituximab in serum and plasma samples. During the first incubation period, the drug Rituximab, coated on the wall of the microtiter wells, captures the antibodies to Rituximab in serum and plasma samples. After washing away the unbound components from samples, a Peroxidase-labelled Rituximab conjugate is added to each well and then incubated. Antibody to Rituximab, if present in sample, will make a bridge, with its two identical Fab arms, between the Rituximab coated on the well and the other Rituximab labelled with peroxidase. After a second washing step, the bound enzymatic activity is detected by addition of tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) chromogen-substrate. Finally, the reaction is terminated with an acidic stop solution. The intensity of the reaction color is related to the presence and quantity of antibodies to Rituximab in the sample.

4. WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS
1. Before starting the assay, read the instructions completely and carefully. Use the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit. Be sure that everything is understood. For further information (clinical background, test performance, automation protocols, alternative applications, literature, etc.) please refer to the local distributor.
2. In case of severe damage of the kit package, please contact Eagle Biosciences or your supplier in writing, latest one week after receiving the kit. Do not use damaged components in test runs, but keep safe for complaint related issues.
3. Obey lot number and expiry date. Do not mix reagents of different lots. Do not use expired reagents.
4. Follow good laboratory practice and safety guidelines. Wear lab coats, disposable latex gloves and protective glasses where necessary.
5. Reagents of this kit containing hazardous material may cause eye and skin irritations. See MATERIALS SUPPLIED and labels for details.
6. Chemicals and prepared or used reagents have to be treated as hazardous waste according the national biohazard safety guidelines or regulations.
7. Avoid contact with Stop solution. It may cause skin irritations and burns.
8. If any component of this kit contains human serum or plasma it is indicated and if so, it has been tested and were found to be negative for HIV I/II, HBsAg and HCV. However, the presence of these or other infectious agents cannot be excluded absolutely and therefore reagents should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.
9. Some reagents contain sodium azide (NaN₃) as preservatives. In case of contact with eyes or skin, flush immediately with water. NaN₃ may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azides. When disposing reagents, flush with large volume of water to avoid azide build-up.

5. STORAGE AND STABILITY OF THE KIT
The kit is shipped at ambient temperature and should be stored at 2-8°C. Keep away from heat or direct sun light. The storage and stability of specimen and prepared reagents is stated in the corresponding chapters. The microtiter strips are stable up to the expiry date of the kit in the broken, but tightly closed bag when stored at 2–8°C.

6. SPECIMEN COLLECTION, HANDLING AND STORAGE
Serum, Plasma (EDTA, Heparin)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Stability</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-8°C</td>
<td>3 d</td>
<td>6 mon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≤-20°C (Aliquots)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Keep away from heat or direct sun light</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Drug administration/infusion may camouflage/mask the presence of anti-drug antibodies (ADA) in serum/plasma samples. Therefore, blood sampling time is also critical for detection of ADA. It is proposed to obtain blood sample just before administration of the drug.
7. CONTENTS OF THE KIT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 x 12 x 8</td>
<td>Microtiter Plate Break apart strips pre-coated with the drug Rituximab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 1 mL</td>
<td>Negative Control Ready to use. Contains serum and &lt;15 mM NaN₃.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 1 mL</td>
<td>Positive Control Ready to use. Contains Rituximab-specific antibody and &lt;15 mM NaN₃.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 15 mL</td>
<td>Dilution Buffer Ready to use. Contains proteins and &lt;15 mM NaN₃.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 12 mL</td>
<td>Assay Buffer Blue colored. Ready to use. Contains proteins and &lt;15 mM NaN₃.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 12 mL</td>
<td>Enzyme Conjugate Red colored. Ready to use. Contains horseradish peroxidase(HRP)-conjugated Rituximab, Proclin® and stabilizers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 12 mL</td>
<td>TMB Substrate Solution Ready to use. Contains 3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 12 mL</td>
<td>Stop Solution Ready to use. 1 N Hydrochloric acid (HCl).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 50 mL</td>
<td>Wash Buffer, Concentrate (20x) Contains buffer, Tween® 20 and Kathon™.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x 1</td>
<td>Adhesive Seal For sealing microtiter plate during incubation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED
1. Micropipettes (< 3% CV) and tips to deliver 5-1000 µL.
2. Bidistilled or deionised water and calibrated glasswares (e.g. flasks or cylinders).
3. Wash bottle, automated or semi-automated microtiter plate washing system.
4. Microtiter plate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm (reference wavelength at 600-650 nm is optional).
5. Absorbent paper towels, standard laboratory glass or plastic vials, and a timer.

9. PROCEDURE NOTES
1. Any improper handling of samples or modification of the test procedure may influence the results. The indicated pipetting volumes, incubation times, temperatures and pre-treatment steps have to be performed strictly according to the instructions. Use calibrated pipettes and devices only.
2. Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Make sure that required reagents, materials and devices are prepared readily at the appropriate time. Allow all reagents and specimens to reach room temperature (20-25 °C) and gently swirl each vial of liquid reagent and sample before use. Mix reagents without foaming.

3. Avoid contamination of reagents, pipettes and wells/tubes. Use new disposable plastic pipette tips for each reagent, standard or specimen. Do not interchange the caps of vials. Always cap not used vials. Do not reuse wells or reagents.

4. Use a pipetting scheme to verify an appropriate plate layout.

5. Incubation time affects results. All wells should be handled in the same order and time sequences. It is recommended to use an 8-channel Micropipettor for pipetting of solutions in all wells.

6. Microplate washing is important. Improperly washed wells will give erroneous results. It is recommended to use a multichannel pipette or an automatic microplate washing system. Do not allow the wells to dry between incubations. Do not scratch coated wells during rinsing and aspiration. Rinse and fill all reagents with care. While rinsing, check that all wells are filled precisely with Wash Buffer, and that there are no residues in the wells.

7. Humidity affects the coated wells. Do not open the pouch until it reaches room temperature. Unused wells should be returned immediately to the resealed pouch including the desiccant.

10. PRE-TEST SETUP INSTRUCTIONS

10.1. Preparation of Components*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dilute/dissolve</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Diluent</th>
<th>Relation</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Stability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 mL</td>
<td>Wash Buffer</td>
<td>up to 200 mL Distilled Water</td>
<td>1:20</td>
<td>Warm up at 37°C to dissolve crystals. Mix vigorously.</td>
<td>2-8 °C</td>
<td>4 w</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Prepare Wash Buffer before starting the assay procedure.

10.2. Dilution of Samples\(^{a,b}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample</th>
<th>To be diluted</th>
<th>With</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Serum/Plasma</td>
<td>1:10</td>
<td>Dilution Buffer</td>
<td>For dilution at 1:10; 10 µL Sample + 90 µL Dilution Buffer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{a}\) Negative and Positive Controls are ready-to-use and should NOT be diluted with the dilution buffer.

\(^{b}\) Incubate 1:10 diluted serum/plasma samples for 15 min at room temperature (20-25°C) before pipetting 50 µL of each 1:10 diluted sample per well for analysis.

11. TEST PROCEDURE

11.1. GENERAL REMARKS

11.1.1. Before performing the assay, samples and assay kit should be brought to room temperature (about 30 minutes beforehand) and ensure the homogeneity of the solution.

11.1.2. All Standards should be run with each series of unknown samples.

11.1.3. Standards should be subject to the same manipulations and incubation times as the samples being tested.

11.1.4. All steps of the test should be completed without interruption.

11.1.5. Use new disposable plastic pipette tips for each reagent, standard or specimen in order to avoid cross contamination.
### 11.2. ASSAY PROCEDURE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Pipette <strong>100 µl</strong> of <strong>Assay Buffer</strong> into each of the wells to be used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Pipette <strong>50 µL</strong> of each <strong>Ready-to-Use Negative Control</strong>, <strong>Ready-to-Use Positive Control</strong>, and <strong>1:10 Diluted Samples (as described in section 10.2)</strong> into the respective wells of the microtiter plate. <strong>Wells</strong>&lt;br&gt;A1: Negative Control&lt;br&gt;B1: Negative Control&lt;br&gt;C1: Positive Control&lt;br&gt;D1 and so on: Diluted samples (Serum/Plasma)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Cover the plate with adhesive seal. Shake plate carefully. <strong>Incubate 60 min at room temperature (RT) (20-25°C).</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Remove adhesive seal. Aspirate or decant the incubation solution. Wash the plate <strong>3 X 300 µL</strong> of <strong>Diluted Wash Buffer</strong> per well. Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Pipette <strong>100 µL</strong> of <strong>Enzyme Conjugate</strong> (HRP-drug) into each well.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Cover plate with adhesive seal. Shake plate carefully. <strong>Incubate 60 min at RT.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Remove adhesive seal. Aspirate or decant the incubation solution. Wash the plate <strong>3 X 300 µL</strong> of <strong>Diluted Wash Buffer</strong> per well. Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Pipette <strong>100 µL</strong> of Ready-to-Use <strong>TMB Substrate Solution</strong> into each well.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td><strong>Incubate 15 min</strong> at RT. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Stop the substrate reaction by adding <strong>100 µL</strong> of <strong>Stop Solution</strong> into each well. Briefly mix contents by gently shaking the plate. Color changes from blue to yellow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Measure optical density (OD) with a photometer at <strong>450 nm</strong> (Reference at OD620 nm is optional) within <strong>15 min</strong> after pipetting the Stop Solution.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 11.3. QUALITY CONTROL
The test results are only valid if the test has been performed following the instructions. Moreover the user must strictly adhere to the rules of GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) or other applicable standards/laws. All standards/controls must be found within the acceptable ranges as stated above and/or label. If the criteria are not met, the run is not valid and should be repeated. In case of any deviation, the following technical issues should be reviewed: Expiration dates of (prepared) reagents, storage conditions, pipettes, devices, incubation conditions and washing methods.
11.4. CALCULATION OF RESULTS

For the run to be valid, the OD450 nm of the Positive Control should be ≥ 0.500 and the OD450 nm of each Negative Control should be ≤0.150. If not, improper technique or reagent deterioration may be suspected and the run should be repeated.

The results are evaluated by dividing each individual OD results by the Cut-off OD value. The results are expressed in arbitrary units (AU/mL).

\[
\text{Cut-off value} = 2 \times \text{the mean OD450 nm of Negative Control} = 3 \text{ AU/mL}
\]

88 different naive samples have been measured for estimating the cut-off value. In order to avoid a sample from being reported as false positive the cut-off value was determined by 2 times of the mean of Negative Control. All 88 screened naive samples show ODs lower than the cut-off value.

Samples which have an equal and higher OD than the cut-off value are considered to be positive.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Interpretation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>≥ Cut-off (3 AU/mL)</td>
<td>POSITIVE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt; Cut-off (3 AU/mL)</td>
<td>NEGATIVE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An example for semi-quantitative calculation for a positive sample

OD of sample = 0.408  
The mean OD of Negative Control = 0.068  
Cut-off value (3 AU/mL) = 2 × 0.068 = 0.136  
Result for the sample = 0.408/0.136 × 3 AU/mL = 9 AU/mL

The results themselves should not be the only reason for any therapeutical consequences. They have to be correlated to other clinical observations. In addition, the positive reaction should be clarified whether it is true or false positive following the confirmatory assay as mentioned in the following section.
12. ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

12.1. SPECIFICITY
Based on the approach used in calculating the assay cut-off value of anti-drug antibody (ADA) ELISAs, approximately 1-5% of tested samples are expected to generate false-positive ADA response during initial screening analysis. Therefore, further confirmation of the specificity of the ADA activity in the samples, identified as positive, is highly recommended. This is supported also by recent publications. In order to confirm the specificity of the ADA signal, a confirmatory assay (competitive drug inhibition test) is proposed by ImmunoGuide. The confirmatory assay is performed with the Confirmatory Reagent (coded IG-CR106). This Confirmatory Reagent is available as a separate product and can be obtained from ImmunoGuide upon request.

12.2. SENSITIVITY
When an immunoaffinity-purified antibodies to Rituximab was exogenously added into serum, it was observed that the lowest detectable level that can be clearly distinguished from the negative control value is somewhere around 10 ng/mL. In any case this number is highly dependent from the characteristics of the ADA under investigation (e.g. affinity). Therefore this number may be significantly different for each individual sample under investigation. Considering the fact that the antibodies under investigation are polyclonal ones, the affinities can be very different for each single sample. Therefore any attempt for a quantification of the results by a general standard curve also is very questionable. This is why we are giving the results in arbitrary units only.

2.3. PRECISION OF THE KIT
Intra-assay CV: <10%.
Inter-assay CV: <10%

13. AUTOMATION
The ImmunoGuide Anti Drug Antibody (ADA) ELISA kits are suitable also for being used by an automated ELISA processor.

14. REFERENCES
Warranty Information

Eagle Biosciences, Inc. warrants its Product(s) to operate or perform substantially in conformance with its specifications, as set forth in the accompanying package insert. This warranty is expressly limited to the refund of the price of any defective Product or the replacement of any defective Product with new Product. This warranty applies only when the Buyer gives written notice to the Eagle Biosciences within the expiration period of the Product(s) by the Buyer. In addition, Eagle Biosciences has no obligation to replace Product(s) as result of a) Buyer negligence, fault, or misuse, b) improper use, c) improper storage and handling, d) intentional damage, or e) event of force majeure, acts of God, or accident.

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For further information about this kit, its application or the procedures in this kit insert, please contact the Technical Service Team at Eagle Biosciences, Inc. at info@eaglebio.com or at 866-411-8023.