Instructions for Use

Etanercept ELISA

Enzyme immunoassay for the determination of free Etanercept in serum and plasma

REF: IG-AA102

Σ 12X8

For Research Use Only - Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

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Version-No.: V2_AA102USA
2017/1 WZ
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1. INTENDED USE
Enzyme immunoassay for the determination of free Etanercept in serum and plasma. For research use only - not for use in diagnostic procedures.

2. SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION
The drug Etanercept (trade name Enbrel®) is a dimeric fusion protein consisting of the extracellular ligand-binding portion of the human 75 kilodalton (p75) tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR) linked to the Fc portion of human IgG1. Etanercept binds specifically to human tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-α) and blocks its interaction with cell surface TNF receptors. It was possible to show that the surveillance of circulating Etanercept concentration during maintenance therapy represents a direct and/or indirect factor for immunogenicity and some other side effects. In this context, identification of biomarkers for (non-)response and risk factors for adverse drug reactions that might be related to serum concentrations and maintaining the effective concentration of Etanercept in order to potentially avoid some side effects with a reliable method might be beneficial.

3. PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST
This ELISA is based on sandwich type ELISA. Diluted standards and samples (serum or plasma) are incubated in the microtiter plate coated with recombinant human TNF-α (rh TNF-α). After incubation, the wells are washed. A horseradish peroxidase (HRP) conjugated anti-human IgG monoclonal antibody is added and binds to the Fc part of Etanercept pre-captured by the rhTNF-α on the surface of the wells. Following incubation, the wells are washed and the bound enzymatic activity is detected by addition of chromogen-substrate. The color developed is proportional to the amount of free Etanercept in the sample or standard. Results of samples can be determined by using the standard curve.
4. WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS
1. Before starting the assay, read the instructions completely and carefully. Use the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit. Be sure that everything is understood. For further information (clinical background, test performance, automation protocols, alternative applications, literature, etc.) please refer to the local distributor.
2. In case of severe damage of the kit package, please contact *Eagle Biosciences* or your supplier in writing, latest one week after receiving the kit. Do not use damaged components in test runs, but keep safe for complaint related issues.
3. Obey lot number and expiry date. Do not mix reagents of different lots. Do not use expired reagents.
4. Follow good laboratory practice and safety guidelines. Wear lab coats, disposable latex gloves and protective glasses where necessary.
5. Reagents of this kit containing hazardous material may cause eye and skin irritations. See MATERIALS SUPPLIED and labels for details.
6. Chemicals and prepared or used reagents have to be treated as hazardous waste according the national biohazard safety guidelines or regulations.
7. Avoid contact with Stop solution. It may cause skin irritations and burns.
8. If any component of this kit contains human serum or plasma it is indicated and if so, it has been tested and were found to be negative for HIV I/II, HBsAg and HCV. However, the presence of these or other infectious agents cannot be excluded absolutely and therefore reagents should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.
9. Some reagents contain sodium azide (NaN₃) as preservatives. In case of contact with eyes or skin, flush immediately with water. NaN₃ may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azides. When disposing reagents, flush with large volume of water to avoid azide build-up.

5. STORAGE AND STABILITY OF THE KIT
The kit is shipped at ambient temperature and should be stored at 2-8°C. Keep away from heat or direct sun light. The storage and stability of specimen and prepared reagents is stated in the corresponding chapters. The microtiter strips are stable up to the expiry date of the kit in the broken, but tightly closed bag when stored at 2-8°C.

6. SPECIMEN COLLECTION, HANDLING AND STORAGE
Serum, Plasma (EDTA, Heparin)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Storage:</th>
<th>2-8°C</th>
<th>≤-20°C (Aliquots)</th>
<th>Keep away from heat or direct sun light Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stability:</td>
<td>3 d</td>
<td>6 mon</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</table>

The usual precautions for venipuncture should be observed. It is important to preserve the chemical integrity of a blood specimen from the moment it is collected until it is assayed. Do not use grossly hemolytic, icteric or grossly lipemic specimens. Samples appearing turbid should be centrifuged before testing to remove any particulate material.
7. CONTENTS OF THE KIT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
</tr>
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</table>
| 1 x 12 x 8 | Microtiter ELISA Plate  
Break apart strips coated with recombinant human TNF-α (rhTNF-α) |
| 5 x 0.5 mL | Etanercept Standards A-E, Concentrate (10X)  
2000; 600; 200; 60; and 0 ng/mL  
Used for construction of the standard curve. Contains Etanercept, proteins, stabilizer and <15 mM NaN₃. |
| 1 x 12 mL | Assay Buffer  
Blue colored. Ready to use. Contains proteins and <15 mM NaN₃. |
| 1 x 60 mL | Dilution Buffer, Concentrate (5X)  
Contains proteins and <15 mM NaN₃. |
| 1 x 12 mL | Enzyme Conjugate  
| 1 x 12 mL | TMB Substrate Solution  
Ready to use. Contains 3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB). |
| 1 x 12 mL | Stop Solution  
Ready to use. 1 N Hydrochloric acid (HCl). |
| 1 x 50 mL | Wash Buffer, Concentrate (20x)  
Contains buffer, Tween® 20 and Kathon™. |
| 2 x 1 | Adhesive Seal  
For sealing microtiter plate during incubation. |

8. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED
1. Micropipettes (< 3% CV) and tips to deliver 5-1000 µL.
2. Bidistilled or deionised water and calibrated glasswares (e.g. flasks or cylinders).
3. Wash bottle, automated or semi-automated microtiter plate washing system.
4. Microtiter plate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm (reference wavelength at 600-650 nm is optional).
5. Absorbent paper towels, standard laboratory glass or plastic vials, and a timer.
9. PROCEDURE NOTES
1. Any improper handling of samples or modification of the test procedure may influence the results. The indicated pipetting volumes, incubation times, temperatures and pre-treatment steps have to be performed strictly according to the instructions. Use calibrated pipettes and devices only.
2. Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Make sure that required reagents, materials and devices are prepared readily at the appropriate time. Allow all reagents and specimens to reach room temperature (20-25 °C) and gently swirl each vial of liquid reagent and sample before use. Mix reagents without foaming.
3. Avoid contamination of reagents, pipettes and wells/tubes. Use new disposable plastic pipette tips for each reagent, standard or specimen. Do not interchange the caps of vials. Always cap not used vials. Do not reuse wells or reagents.
4. Use a pipetting scheme to verify an appropriate plate layout.
5. Incubation time affects results. All wells should be handled in the same order and time sequences. It is recommended to use an 8-channel Micropipettor for pipetting of solutions in all wells.
6. Microplate washing is important. Improperly washed wells will give erroneous results. It is recommended to use a multichannel pipette or an automatic microplate washing system. Do not allow the wells to dry between incubations. Do not scratch coated wells during rinsing and aspiration. Rinse and fill all reagents with care. While rinsing, check that all wells are filled precisely with Wash Buffer, and that there are no residues in the wells.
7. Humidity affects the coated wells. Do not open the pouch until it reaches room temperature. Unused wells should be returned immediately to the resealed pouch including the desiccant.

10. PRE-TEST SETUP INSTRUCTIONS
10.1. Preparation of Components*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dilute/ dissolve</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Diluent</th>
<th>Relation</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Stability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 mL</td>
<td>Wash Buffer</td>
<td>up to 200 mL</td>
<td>1:20</td>
<td>Warm up at 37°C to dissolve crystals. Mix vigorously.</td>
<td>2-8 °C</td>
<td>4 w</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 mL</td>
<td>Dilution Buffer</td>
<td>up to 50 mL</td>
<td>1:5</td>
<td></td>
<td>2-8 °C</td>
<td>4 w</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Prepare Wash and Dilution Buffers before starting the assay procedure.
10.2. Dilution of Standards and Samples
The dilutions depicted below are examples of how to obtain final dilutions for standards and samples. Standards and samples should be properly diluted as homogenous mixture before starting the assay procedure. It is recommended mixing the standards and samples well to homogenous solution at each dilution step. We are recommending that each laboratory determines the best initial dilution for their samples in order to minimize retesting.

1. 10 μL of standard added to 90 μL of 1X dilution buffer, giving the total volume of 100 μL and a dilution of 1:10.
2. 10 μL of sample added to 490 μL of 1X dilution buffer, giving the total volume of 500 μL and a dilution of 1:50.
3. Samples with a drug concentration above the measuring range should be rated as “>highest standard”. The result should not be extrapolated. The sample in question should be further diluted with 1X Dilution Buffer and then retested.

11. TEST PROCEDURE
11.1. GENERAL REMARKS
11.1.1. Before performing the assay, samples and assay kit should be brought to room temperature (about 30 minutes beforehand) and ensure the homogeneity of the solution.
11.1.2. All Standards should be run with each series of unknown samples.
11.1.3. Standards should be subject to the same manipulations and incubation times as the samples being tested.
11.1.4. All steps of the test should be completed without interruption.
11.1.5. Use new disposable plastic pipette tips for each reagent, standard or specimen in order to avoid cross contamination.
## 11.2. ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Pipette **100µl** of **Assay Buffer** into each of the wells to be used.

   Pipette **75 µL** of each **1:10 Diluted Standard, and 1:50 Diluted Samples** into the respective wells of the microtiter plate.

   **Wells**
   - A1: Standard A
   - B1: Standard B
   - C1: Standard C
   - D1: Standard D
   - E1: Standard E
   - F1 and so on: Samples (Serum/Plasma)

2. **Cover the plate with adhesive seal. Shake plate carefully. **Incubate 60 min** at room temperature (RT, 20-25°C).

3. Remove adhesive seal. Aspirate or decant the incubation solution. Wash the plate **3 X 300 µL** of **Diluted Wash Buffer** per well. Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.

4. Pipette **100 µL** of **Enzyme Conjugate** (HRP-anti human IgG mAb) into each well.

5. **Cover plate with adhesive seal. Shake plate carefully. **Incubate 30 min** at RT.

6. Remove adhesive seal. Aspirate or decant the incubation solution. Wash the plate **3 X 300 µL** of **Diluted Wash Buffer** per well. Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.

7. Pipette **100 µL** of **Ready-to-Use TMB Substrate Solution** into each well.

8. **Incubate 15 min** at RT. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight.

9. Briefly mix contents by gently shaking the plate. Color changes from blue to yellow.

10. **Stop the substrate reaction by adding 100 µL of Stop Solution** into each well.

11. **Measure optical density (OD)** with a photometer at **450 nm** (Reference at OD620 nm is optional) within **15 min** after pipetting the Stop Solution.

## 11.3. QUALITY CONTROL

The test results are only valid if the test has been performed following the instructions. Moreover the user must strictly adhere to the rules of GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) or other applicable standards/laws. All standards/controls must be found within the acceptable ranges. If the criteria are not met, the run is not valid and should be repeated. In case of any deviation, the following technical issues should be reviewed: Expiration dates of (prepared) reagents, storage conditions, pipettes, devices, incubation conditions and washing methods.
11. 4. CALCULATION OF RESULTS
A standard curve should be calculated using the standard concentration (X-axis) versus the OD450 (or OD450/620) values (Y-axis). This can be done manually using graph paper or with a computer program. Concerning the data regression by computer, it is recommended to primarily use the “4 Parameter Logistic (4PL)” or alternatively the “point-to-point calculation”. In case of manual plot there are 2 options: Semilog graph (see Fig. A) or linear graph (see Fig. B). Semilog graph paper is available at http://www.papersnake.com/logarithmic/semilogarithmic/.
The concentration of the samples can be read from this standard curve as follows. Using the absorbance value for each sample, determine the corresponding concentration of the drug from the standard curve. This value always has to be multiplied by the individual dilution factor (usually 50). If any diluted sample is reading greater than the highest standard, it should be further diluted appropriately with 1X Dilution Buffer and retested. Also this second dilution has to be used for calculation the final result. We are recommending that each laboratory determines the best initial dilution for their samples in order to minimize retesting.

Typical Calibration Curve

(All steps were performed at 23°C. Just an example. Do not use it for calculation!)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1:10 Diluted Standard</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concentration (ng/mL)</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean OD450/620 nm</td>
<td>2.985</td>
<td>0.991</td>
<td>0.285</td>
<td>0.089</td>
<td>0.035</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Fig. A](image1)

![Fig. B](image2)
12. ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

12.1. SPECIFICITY
There is no cross reaction with any other proteins present in naïve serum. Because the solid phase is coated with rhTNF-α, other therapeutic anti-TNF antibodies cause full cross reaction. However, a quantification of other therapeutic antibodies is possible only by using the drug-specific standards, which are available as separate kits from ImmunoGuide.

12.2. SENSITIVITY
The lowest detectable level that can be clearly distinguished from the zero standard is 5 ng/mL (zero standard +2SD read from the curve) under the above-described conditions.

12.3. PRECISION
Intra-assay CV: <10%.
Inter-assay CV: <10%.

12.4. RECOVERY
Recovery rate was found to be >95% with native serum and plasma samples when spiked with exogenous Etanercept.

13. AUTOMATION
The ImmunoGuide Etanercept ELISA is suitable also for being used by an automated ELISA processor.

14. REFERENCES


15. Arstikyte I, Kapleryte G, Butrimiene I, Venalis A. Influence of Immunogenicity on the Efficacy of Long-Term Treatment with TNF α Blockers in Rheumatoid


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For further information about this kit, its application or the procedures in this kit insert, please contact the Technical Service Team at Eagle Biosciences, Inc. at info@eaglebio.com or at 866-411-8023.